

Animation Demos

<http://www-cse.uta.edu/~holder/courses/cse2320/lectures/applets/sort1/heapsort.html>

<http://cg.scs.carleton.ca/~morin/misc/sortalg/>

COT 5407 10/4/05 1

Binary Search Trees

- `TreeSearch(x, k)` // pg 257
// Search for key k in tree rooted at x
if ((x = NIL) or (k = key[x]))
 return x
if (k < key[x])
 return `TreeSearch(left[x], k)`
else
 return `TreeSearch(right[x], k)`

COT 5407 10/4/05 2

Animations

- BST:
http://babbar.clarku.edu/~achou/cs160/examples/bst_animation/BST-Example.html

COT 5407 10/4/05 3

Binary Search Trees

```
TreeInsert(T,z) // pg 261, Insert node z in tree T
y = NIL
x = root[T] // y follows x down the tree
// when x is NIL, y points to a leaf

while (x ≠ NIL) do
  y = x
  if (key[z] < key[x])
    x = left[x]
  else
    x = right[x]

p[z] = y
if (y == NIL)
  root[T] = z
else if (key[z] < key[y])
  left[y] = z
else right[y] = z
```

COT 5407

10/4/05

4

```
TreeDelete(T,z) // delete node z in tree T
if (left[z] == NIL or (right[z] == NIL) then
  y = z
else
  y = TreeSuccessor(z) // y has at most 1 child
if (left[y] ≠ NIL) then
  x = left[y]
else
  x = right[y] // x points to a child of y
if (x ≠ NIL) then
  p[x] = p[y]
if (p[y] == NIL) then
  root[T] = x
else
  if (y == left[p[y]]) then
    left[p[y]] = x
  else
    right[p[y]] = x
if (y ≠ z) then
  key[z] = key[y]
  copy y's data into z
return y
```

COT 5407

10/4/05

5

Binary Search Trees

Animations

- **BST:**
http://babbar.clarku.edu/~achou/cs160/examples/bst_animation/BST-Example.html
- **Rotations:**
http://babbar.clarku.edu/~achou/cs160/examples/bst_animation/index2.html
- **RB-Trees:**
http://babbar.clarku.edu/~achou/cs160/examples/bst_animation/RedBlackTree-Example.html

COT 5407

10/4/05

6

Red-Black Trees

```
RB-Insert(T,z) // pg 261
// Insert node z in tree T
y = NIL
x = root[T]
while (x != NIL) do
  y = x
  if (key[z] < key[x])
    x = left[x]
  else
    x = right[x]
right[x] = z
p[z] = y
if (y == NIL)
  root[T] = z
else if (key[z] < key[y])
  left[y] = z
else right[y] = z
// new stuff
left[z] = NIL[T]
right[z] = NIL[T]
color[z] = RED
RB-Insert-Fixup(T,z)
```

```
RB-Insert-Fixup(T,z)
while (color[p[z]] == RED) do
  if (p[z] = left[p[p[z]]]) then
    y = right[p[p[z]]]
    if (color[y] == RED) then // C-1
      color[p[z]] = BLACK
      color[y] = BLACK
      z = p[p[z]]
    else if (z == right[p[z]]) then // C-2
      z = p[z]
      LeftRotate(T,z)
      color[p[z]] = BLACK // C-3
      color[p[p[z]]] = RED
      RightRotate(T,p[p[z]])
    else
      // Symmetric code: "right" ↔ "left"
      ...
color[root[T]] = BLACK
```

10/4/05

7

Rotations

```
LeftRotate(T,x) // pg 278
// right child of x becomes x's parent.
// Subtrees need to be readjusted.
y = right[x]
right[x] = left[y] // y's left subtree becomes x's right
p[left[y]] = x
p[y] = p[x]
if (p[x] == NIL[T]) then
  root[T] = y
else if (x == left[p[x]]) then
  left[p[x]] = y
else right[p[x]] = y
left[y] = x
p[x] = y
```

COT 5407

10/4/05

8
